**LINUX COMMANDS:**

* You don’t have to type the full path in linux. Just write the starting words and press tab.
* ls command gives the list of all the files in that directory.
* cd command means change the directory.
* ll command gives the details of file.
* ./ is used to run bash files.
* Pwd to print the path of working/current directory.
* $ sign is linux terminal prompt.
* Clear command clears all the content of the screen.
* mkdir lets you create a new folder
* rmdir lets you delete the folder.
* Hdfs dfs rm -r lets you delete the files recursively(one after another in order)
* Cp to copy the file
* Mv to move the file

**HADOOP COMMANDS:**

* Hdfs is Hadoop distributed file system.
* dfs is distributed file system.
* -ls /
  + hdfs dfs -ls / : gives the list of all the files in the root directory.
* hdfs dfs mkdir lets you create a new folder.
* hdfs dfs -put from\_filepath to\_filepath you can transfer files from local file system to hdfs.
* hdfs dfs -cat filename to see the content of the file.
* Hdfs dfs -cp from\_filepath to\_filepath to copy the file/folder from one to other location
* Hdfs dfs -mv from\_filepath to\_filepath to move the file/folder from one to other location
* Hdfs dfs -rm filename to delete
* Hdfs dfs -mkdir lets you create a new folder
* Hdfs dfs -rmdir lets you delete the folder.
* Hdfs dfs -rm -r lets you delete the files recursively(one after another in order)